

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE
LOCKEFORD CALIFORNIA

NOTICE OF RELEASE OF PURPLE NEEDLEGRASS FOR
MAJOR LAND RESOURCE AREA 15d
SELECTED CLASS OF NATURAL GERMPLASM,

LK 315d Germplasm

The Natural Resources Conservation Service announces the release of a selected ecotype of purple needlegrass, *Nassella pulchra*, for Major Land Resource area (MLRA) 15d. This release will be identified as LK 315d Germplasm to document the Lockeford Plant Materials Center as the releasing agency and the MLRA for which the release is best suited.

As the demand for native seed has grown, so has the demand for ecotypic native seed. Though many native species may be suited for field cultivation and may be excellent candidates for improvement of plant performance through breeding efforts, the seed of a majority of species will continue to be collected from wildland populations. Because of the demand for native seed, it has become important to have seed certification to ensure genetic identity and origin. In order to meet this need a national organization, The Association of Official Seed Certifying Agencies (AOSCA) has developed a certification program to address this need, The Pre-Germplasm Certification Standards.

Species	<i>Nassella pulchra</i> (A. Hitchc.) Barkworth <i>Stipa pulchra</i> A. Hitchc.
Common Name	Purple Needlegrass
Plant Symbol	NAPU4
Accession Number	9063706

ORIGIN: Alameda County, California; Mines Rd.; Boy Scout Camp (Rancho Los Mochos . Township 4S Range 4E Section 13. Elevation is approximately 2056 feet. Mean annual precipitation is 14-35 inches. Mean annual temperature is 58-63 degrees F.

Site Description: The soils found in the area of original collection are Los Gatos-Los Oso Complex (LpF2). The complex is 40 percent Los Gatos loam, 40 percent Los Osos silty clay loam, and 20 percent Gaviota rocky sandy loam. Vegetation found on this complex is: wild oat, soft chess, American deervetch, carex, ripgut brome, red brome, burclover, blue oak, California live oak, California buckeye, annual lupine, filaree, purple needlegrass, blue wildrye, bluegrass, and fescue.

The Los Gatos soil depth is 46 inches with an average water holding capacity (AWC) of 6.36 inches. Various slopes, 5 to 75 percent.

The Los Oso soil depth is 49 inches with an average water holding capacity (AWC) of 5.7 inches. Various slopes, 5 to 75 percent.

Anticipated Conservation Use: Restoration, critical area plantings, cover crop, and wildlife habitat,

Availability of Plant Materials: Foundation seed will be maintained by the Lockeford Plant Materials Center, P.O. Box 68, Lockeford, California, 95237. Access to the property of original collection is not available.

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LK 315d Germplasm is released as a Select Identified Class of certified seed under the Pre-Germplasm Certification Standards. As a Selected Identified Release, this plant will not be given a "cultivar" name, but will be referred to as LK 315d Germplasm to document the Lockeford Plant Materials Center, NRCS, USDA as releasing agent and the MLRA the release is best suited.

This alternative release procedure is justified because existing commercial sources of purple needlegrass are inadequate, propagation material of specific ecotypes are needed for restoration, revegetation, cover crops, and range improvement projects within MLRA 15d. At the current time there are no cultivar releases of purple needlegrass for California.

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Description: Culms 60 to 100 cm. tall; blades long, narrow, flat involute; ligule about 1 mm. long; panicle nodding, about 15 to 20 cm. long, loose, the branches spreading, slender, some of the lower 2.5 to 5 cm. long; glumes narrow, long-acuminate, purplish, 3-nerved, the first about 20 mm. long, the second 2-4 mm. shorter; lemma 7.5 to 13 mm. long, fusiform, sparingly pilose, sometimes only in lines above, minutely papillose-roughed, the callus about 2 mm. long, the summit sometimes with a smooth neck and a ciliate crown; awn 7 to 9 cm. long, short-pubescent to the second bend, the first segment 1.5 to 2 cm. long, the second shorter, the third 4 to 6 cm. long.

Literature Review: Seed can be collected from May to July depending on soils, rainfall, temperature, elevation, etc. There are approximately 109,749 seed per

pound. The germination on Purple needlegrass can range from 38 to 81 percent and the purity can range from 70 to 94 percent. *Nassella pulchra*, *N. cernua*, and *N. lepida* can cross with ease under natural conditions. Although *Nassella cernua* and *N. lepida* do not grow together on California range, but contiguous plantings of the two species at the University of California, Davis (1954), resulted in the establishment of F1 hybrids without artificial manipulation. Purple needlegrass depends chiefly upon seed for reproduction and on many ranges has been largely killed out by being grazed so close that seed could not mature.

Purple needlegrass can be found from sea level to an elevation of 4,275 feet. Purple needlegrass provides good early forage for grazing animals. Although its palatability is highest in the spring, it is grazed throughout the summer by cattle and horses. It requires some protection from grazing at the flowering period. Purple needlegrass has a strong root system and can be effective for erosion control. It can be found in association with *Nassella cernua*, *Sitanion hystrix*, *Melica californica*, and *Festuca occidentalis*.

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The Los Gatos soil depth is 46 inches with an average water holding capacity (AWC) of 6.36 inches. Various slopes, 5 to 75 percent.

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Map Symbol	Depth	Texture	AWC in/in	pH	Cation Exchange capacity
LpF2		Loam	0.14-0.16	5.6-7.3	
		Clay loam	0.15-0.19	5.6-7.3	
Los Gatos soil	15-25	Clay loam, Loam	0.14-0.20	5.6-7.3	
	25-36	Gravelly Clay loam, Gravelly loam	0.12-0.17	5.6-7.3	
	36-46	UWB			
LpF2	0-14	Clay loam, Silty clay loam	0.17-0.19	5.6-7.3	
Los OSOS soil	0-14	Silty loam, Loam	0.14-0.17	5.6-7.3	
	14-32	silty clay, Clay, Clay loam	0.12-0.16	5.6-7.3	
	32-39	Silty loam, Loam, Clay loam	0.09-0.15	6.6-7.8	
	39-49	WB			

Method of Selection: From a purple needlegrass and foothill needlegrass collection found in Land Resource Region (LRR) D; which includes MLRAs 20, 19, 18, 17, 15, and 14.

Collections were evaluated at the Lockeford Plant Materials Center (PMC) From 1992 to 1995. Lk 315d Germplasm was selected for its early flowering, vigor, height, and plant density. Purple needlegrass does not require special seed treatment.

Potential Area of Adaptation: MLRA 15d is located in the Coastal Range from Shasta County south to Santa Barbara County. The 4ETa* is 12 to 15 inches annually and will vary with soil texture and depth. The average annual precipitation is 12 to 40 inches.

MLRA 15 can be found from sea level to an elevation of 2,625 feet, mountains can reach 5,577 feet. Gently sloping to steep low mountains underlain mostly by shale and sandstone and partly by igneous and volcanic rock most of the area. Coastal plains are narrow and discontinuous, and stream valleys are narrow and widely separated. The precipitation can range from 12 to 40 inches annually. Average annual temperature is 55 to 65 degrees F. There are 120 to 270 frost free days each year. The dominant soils are Xererts, Xerolls, Ochrepts, Xeralfs, Orthents, and Psamments. They have a thermic temperature regime (mesic at the higher elevations).

Observed Selected Traits and Performance: From 1992 to 1994 a collection of 32 accessions From Land Resource Region D were evaluated at the Lockeford Plant Materials Center. Each accession was replicated 4 times with 12 individual plants in each replication. In 1995 LK 315d Germplasm was selected for release because of early flowering date, vigor, survival, and growth. LK 315d Germplasm had an average flowering date of March 29. It had a mean vigor rating of 2.13**. At the end of 3 years, LK 315d Germplasm had a mean survival rate of 96 percent. The average plant height at the time of flowering was 124 cm. It was observed during the first year and to some extent in the second year that rabbits and gophers would utilize all purple needlegrass; and in some case, to the point that a replication was destroyed. In order to protect the purity of the ecotype, in the spring of 1996, a seed collection was made from the original collection site before establishing a breeder seed planting at the Lockeford PMC.

Anticipated Conservation Use: Restoration, critical area plantings, cover crop, and wildlife habitat,

Availability of Plant Materials: Foundation seed will be maintained by the Lockeford Plant Materials Center, P.O. Box 68, Lockeford, California, 95237. Access to the property of original collection is not available.

* 4ETa is the actual evaporation, 4 inch available water holding capacity (in inches). ETa is for the entire year.

ETa Actual evapotranspiration is a relative index for frost tolerant dry farmed

crops and forage. It includes limitations imposed by rainfall, soil moisture storage, and energy.

* Ratings are based on a 1 to 9 scale with 1 being superior.

References:

1. Bishop, Gene. 1997. A Vegetative Guide to Selected Native Grasses of California, Technical Note PM-40. United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service, California.
2. Climate in Relation to Capability Class and Subclass. February 1970. U.S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service. Berkeley California.
3. Crampton, Beecher. 1974. Grasses of California. University of California Press, Berkeley and Los Angeles California.
4. Hitchcock, A.S., revised by Agnes Chase. 1950. Manual of the Grasses of the United States. Dover Publications, Inc. New York.

5. Love, Merton R. February 1954. Interspecific Hybrization In *Stipa* II Hybrids of *Stipa cernua*, *S. lepida*, And *S. pulchra*. American Journal of Botany, Vol. 41.
6. Land Resource Regions and Major Land Resource Areas of The United States. December 1981. Agriculture Land Services, USDA. Washington D.C.
7. Range Plant Handbook. 1937. United States Department of Agriculture, Forest Service. Dover Publications, Inc. New York.

California Crop Improvement Association
recognizes:

LK 315d Purple Needlegrass Germplasm

as eligible for the production of certified seed within the
California Native Grass Certification Program



January 2, 1998

Date

Frederick J. Sundsten

Executive Director